### Gorgia Department of Natural Resources

2 Martin Luther King, Jr. Drive, S.E., Suite 1152 Last Tower, Atlanta, Georgia 30334-9000 Chris Clark, Commissioner F. Allen Barnes, Director Environmental Protection Division 404/656-4713

March 5, 2010

Mr. Charles H. Huling, P.E. Vice President, Environmental Affairs Georgia Power Company 241 Ralph McGill Boulevard, NE Atlanta, GA 30308-3374 Name:
Correspondence:
Permit:
Pretreatment:
State:
Local:
Permit:
Operating

RE: Georgia Power Company - Plant Mitchell

NPDES Permit No. GA0001465

Dear Mr. Huling:

Pursuant to the Georgia Water Quality Control Act, as amended; the Federal Clean Water Act, as amended; and the Rules and Regulations promulgated thereunder, we have issued the attached National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) permit for the specified wastewater treatment facility.

Please be advised that on and after the effective date indicated in the attached NPDES permit, the permittee must comply with all the terms, conditions and limitations of the permit.

Sincerely,

F. Allen Barnes

Director

FAB/th

Attachment

PERMIT NO. GA0001465

# STATE OF GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION DIVISION

### AUTHORIZATION TO DISCHARGE UNDER THE NATIONAL POLLUTANT DISCHARGE ELIMINATION SYSTEM

In compliance with the provisions of the Georgia Water Quality Control Act (Georgia Laws 1964, p. 416, as amended), hereinafter called the "State Act;" the Federal Water Pollution Control Act, as amended (33 U.S. C. 1251 et seq.), hereinafter called the "Federal Act;" and the Rules and Regulations promulgated pursuant to each of these Acts,

Georgia Power Company 241 Ralph McGill Boulevard, N.E. Atlanta, Georgia 30308

is authorized to discharge from a facility located at

Georgia Power Company (SIC Code 4911) Plant Mitchell 5200 Radium Springs Road Albany, Dougherty County, Georgia 31705

to receiving waters

Flint River (Flint River Basin)

in accordance with effluent limitations, monitoring requirements and other conditions set forth in Parts I, II and III hereof.

This permit shall become effective on March 5, 2010.

This permit and the authorization to discharge shall expire at midnight, February 28, 2015.

OF G. F. O. S. O.

Signed this 5th day of March, 2010.

Director,

**Environmental Protection Division** 

PART I

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### A. EFFLUENT LIMITATIONS AND MONITORING REQUIREMENTS

1. During the period beginning on the effective date and lasting through February 28, 2015, the permittee is authorized to discharge from outfall(s) serial number(s) 01 – Final Plant Discharge – Storm Water: Combined discharge of outfalls 01A, 01B, 01C, 01D, 01F, and 01G.

Such discharges shall be limited and monitored by the permittee as specified below when the power plant is fired with <u>fossil fuel</u>:

The pH shall not be less than 6.0 standard units nor greater than 9.0 standard units and shall be monitored twice per month by a grab sample at outfall 01, the final plant discharge.

Monitoring of outfall 01 is required only when a discharge is occurring.

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2. During the period beginning on the effective date and lasting through February 28, 2015, the permittee is authorized to discharge from outfall(s) serial number(s) 01 - Final Plant Discharge – Storm Water: Combined discharge of outfalls 01A, 01B, 01C, 01D, 01F, and 01G.

Such discharges shall be limited and monitored by the permittee as specified below when the power plant is fired with <u>biomass fuel</u>:

	Discharge Limitations				Monitoring Requirements		
Effluent Characteristic (Specify Units)	Mass Based (lbs/day)		Concentration Based (mg/l)		Measurement	Sample	Sample
	Daily Avg.	Daily Max.	Daily Avg.	Daily Max.	Frequency	Type	Location
Flow (MGD)			-	-	*1	*1	Final Effluent
BOD5	<b>-</b> .	_	Report	Report	1/Quarter	Grab	Final Effluent
Total Suspended Solids	-		Report	Report	1/Quarter	Grab	Final Effluent
NH3-N	<del>-</del>		Report	Report	1/Quarter	Grab	Final Effluent
Total Phosphorus	-	-	Report	Report	1/Quarter	Grab	Final Effluent
Oil and Grease	-	-	Report	Report	1/Quarter	Grab	Final Effluent
Dissolved Oxygen	-	-	Report Minimum	-	1/Quarter	Grab	Final Effluent

The pH shall not be less than 6.0 standard units nor greater than 9.0 standard units and shall be monitored twice per month by a grab sample at outfall 01, the final plant discharge.

\*1 See Part III, Special Requirements.

Monitoring of outfall 01 is required only when a discharge is occurring.

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3. During the period beginning on the effective date and lasting through February 28, 2015, the permittee is authorized to discharge from outfall(s) serial number(s) 01A – Once Through Condenser Cooling Water.

Such discharges shall be limited and monitored by the permittee as specified below:

	Dis	scharge Lim	itations	Monitoring Requirements		
Effluent Characteristics (Specify Units)		oncentration ng/l or as spe		Measurement	Sample Type	Sample Location
(opeany drine)	Daily Avg.	Daily Max.	Instantaneous Max.	Frequency		
Flow (MGD)	-	-	-	*4	*4	*4
Total Residual Chlorine (TRC)	-	-	0.20* <sup>4</sup>	1/Week	Multiple Grabs <sup>*1</sup>	*3
TRC Time (minutes/day/unit)	-	120	-	1/Week	Multiple Grabs <sup>*1</sup>	*3
Temperature ( <sup>O</sup> F)	-	-	90 or 5 above intake temp.*2	1/Week	Grab	*2

- \*1 Multiple grab samples are to be collected on 30 minute intervals during periods of TRC discharges attributable to condenser chlorination.
- \*2 The discharge temperature is the temperature recorded at river mile 89.1 at the downstream limit of the defined mixing zone at a depth of 3 feet or other locations approved by the Division. Temperature will also be monitored at the plant intake. Measurements will be made between the hours of 9:00 a.m. and 3:00 p.m. at all times.
- \*3 Discharge tunnel prior to mixing with any other discharges.
- \*4 See Part III, Special Requirements.

Monitoring of 01A shall be applicable only during periods of operation of the facility and during periods of effluent discharge.

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4. During the period beginning on the effective date and lasting through February 28, 2015, the permittee is authorized to discharge from outfall(s) serial number(s) 01B – Ash Transport Water Blowdown.

Such discharges shall be limited and monitored by the permittee as specified below:

	Discharge Limitations		Monitoring Requirements		
Effluent Characteristic (Specify Units)	Concentration Based (mg/l)		Measurement	Sample	Sample
	Daily Avg.	Daily Max.	Frequency	Туре	Location
Flow (MGD)			*1	*1	*1
Total Suspended Solids	30	100	2/Month	Grab	Ash Pond Overflow
Oil and Grease	15	20	2/Month	Grab	Ash Pond Overflow

<sup>\*1</sup> See Part III, Special Requirements.

Monitoring of 01B is required only when a discharge is occurring.

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5. During the period beginning on the effective date and lasting through February 28, 2015, the permittee is authorized to discharge from outfall(s) serial number(s) 01C, 01D, 01E, 02A, and 04. \*

Such discharges shall be limited and monitored by the permittee as specified below:

	Discharge I	_imitations	Monitoring Requirements		
Effluent Characteristic	Concentrat (mo		Measurement Frequency	Sample Type	Sample Location
	Daily Avg.	Daily Max.			
Flow (MGD)					
Total Suspended Solids	30	100	2 / Month	Grab	Outfall
Oil and Grease	15	20	2 / Month	Grab	Outfall

The pH shall not be less than 6.0 standard units nor greater than 9.0 standard units and shall be monitored twice per month by grab sampling at outfalls 01E, 02A, and 04 only.

- \* 01C Building Sump Emergency Bypass Units 1 and 2
  - 01D Building Sump Emergency Bypass Unit 3
  - 01E Ash Pond No. 1 Emergency Overflow Storm Water
  - 02A Low Volume Waste Sump Emergency Overflow Storm Water
  - 04 Ash Pond No. 2 Emergency Overflow Storm Water

Monitoring at any outfall is required only when a discharge is occurring. The sample location shall be at each outfall prior to mixing with any other discharges.

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6. During the period beginning on the effective date and lasting through February 28, 2015, the permittee is authorized to discharge from outfall(s) serial number(s) 01F, 01G, 02B, 02C, 06, 07, and 08.

Such discharges shall be limited as specified below:

- \* 01F Unit 3 Once Through Noncontact Service Water Strainer Backwash
  - 01G Unit 3 Main Turbine Lube Oil Once Through Noncontact Cooling Water
  - 02B Unit 3 I.D. Fan Bearing Once Through Noncontact Cooling Water Storm Water
  - 02C Coldwell Overflow Storm Water
  - 06 Intake Screen Backwash
  - 07 Intake Structure Sump
  - 08 Groundwater Tank Overflow Storm Water

These discharges shall remain as described above. If the Director determines that water quality standards are not being met as the result of these discharges and so notifies the permittee in writing, the permittee shall take all reasonable steps to prevent the discharge from causing water quality standards to be exceeded in the receiving water.

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7. During the period beginning on the effective date and lasting through February 28, 2015, the permittee is authorized to discharge from outfall(s) serial number(s) 05 – Fuel Pile Runoff Sump Emergency Overflow – Storm Water.

Such discharges shall be limited and monitored by the permittee as specified below:

The state of the s	Discharge I	Limitations	Monitoring Requirements		
Effluent Characteristic	Concentrat (mg		Measurement		Sample Location
	Daily Avg.	Daily Max.	Frequency	Sample Type	
Flow (MGD)					
Total Suspended Solids		50	2 / Month	Grab	Emergency Overflow

The pH shall not be less than 6.0 standard units nor greater than 9.0 standard units and shall be monitored twice per month by grab sample.

Note: Limitations and monitoring requirements provided herein shall not be applicable if discharge is directed to ash pond or in the event of a 10-year 24-hour rainfall event.

Monitoring of outfall 05 is required only when a discharge is occurring.

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### B. SCHEDULE OF COMPLIANCE

- 1. The permittee shall achieve compliance with the effluent limitations specified for discharges in accordance with the following schedule:
  - a. Monitoring requirements and effluent limitations are effective immediately upon issuance of this permit.
  - b. No later than two years after the permittee completes the proposed conversion to biomass fuel and begins discharging from the converted facility's final plant discharge outfall 01, items V and VI of NPDES application Form 2C (EPA Form 3510-2C) must be updated and submitted to the Division. This includes analytical results for all applicable conventional pollutants, other pollutants, metals, cyanide, total phenols, and GC/MS organic pollutants as specified in the Form 2C instructions.
  - c. The permittee shall notify EPD in writing once the plant is shut down for biomass conversion and following that begin quarterly construction progress reports. These reports shall be submitted to the Division, postmarked no later than the 21st day of the month following the end of each calendar quarter.
- 2. No later than 14 calendar days following a date identified in the above schedule of compliance, the permittee shall submit either a report of progress or, in the case of specific actions being required by identified dates, a written notice of compliance or noncompliance, any remedial actions taken, and the probability of meeting the next scheduled requirement.

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Note:

EPD as used herein means the Environmental Protection Division of the Department of Natural Resources.

### C. MONITORING AND REPORTING

### 1. Representative Sampling

Samples and measurements taken as required herein shall be representative of the volume and nature of the monitored discharge.

### 2. Reporting

Monitoring results obtained during the previous 3 months shall be summarized and reported on an Operation Monitoring Report (Form WQ 1.45). Forms other than Form WQ 1.45 may be used upon approval by EPD. These forms and any other required reports and information shall be completed, signed and certified by a principal executive officer or ranking elected official, or by a duly authorized representative of that person, and submitted to the Division, postmarked no later than the 21st day of the month following the reporting period. Signed copies of these and all other reports required herein shall be submitted to the following address:

Georgia Environmental Protection Division Permitting, Compliance and Enforcement Program 4220 International Parkway Suite 101 Atlanta, Georgia 30354

All instances of noncompliance not reported under Part I. B. and C. and Part II. A. shall be reported at the time the operation monitoring report is submitted.

#### 3. Definitions

- a. The "daily average" discharge means the total discharge by weight during a calendar month divided by the number of days in the month that the production or commercial facility was operating. Where less than daily sampling is required by this permit, the daily average discharge shall be determined by the summation of all the measured daily discharges by weight divided by the number of days sampled during the calendar month when the measurements were made.
- b. The "daily maximum" discharge means the total discharge by weight during any calendar day.

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- c. The "daily average" concentration means the arithmetic average of all the daily determinations of concentrations made during a calendar month. Daily determinations of concentration made using a composite sample shall be the concentration of the composite sample.
- d. The "daily maximum" concentration means the daily determination of concentration for any calendar day.
- e. For the purpose of this permit, a calendar day is defined as any consecutive 24-hour period.
- f. "Bypass" means the intentional diversion of waste streams from any portion of a treatment facility.
- g. "Severe property damage" means substantial physical damage to property, damage to the treatment facilities which causes them to become inoperable, or substantial and permanent loss of natural resources which can reasonably be expected to occur in the absence of a bypass. Severe property damage does not mean economic loss caused by delays in production.

### 4. Test Procedures

Monitoring must be conducted according to test procedures approved pursuant to 40 CFR Part 136 unless other test procedures have been specified in this permit.

### 5. Recording of Results

For each measurement or sample taken pursuant to the requirements of this permit, the permittee shall record the following information:

- a. The exact place, date, and time of sampling or measurements, and the person(s) performing the sampling or the measurements;
- b. The dates the analyses were performed, and the person(s) who performed the analyses;
- c. The analytical techniques or methods used; and
- d. The results of all required analyses.

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### 6. Additional Monitoring by Permittee

If the permittee monitors any pollutant at the location(s) designated herein more frequently than required by this permit, using approved analytical methods as specified above, the results of such monitoring shall be included in the calculation and reporting of the values required in the Operation Monitoring Report Form (WQ 1.45). Such increased monitoring frequency shall also be indicated. The Division may require by written notification more frequent monitoring or the monitoring of other pollutants not required in this permit.

### 7. Records Retention

The permittee shall retain records of all monitoring information, including all records of analyses performed, calibration and maintenance of instrumentation, copies of all reports required by this permit, and records of all data used to complete the application for this permit, for a period of at least three (3) years from the date of the sample, measurement, report or application. This period may be extended by request of the Division at any time.

#### 8. Penalties

The Federal Clean Water Act and the Georgia Water Quality Control Act provide that any person who falsifies, tampers with, or knowingly renders inaccurate any monitoring device or method required to be maintained under this permit, makes any false statement, representation, or certification in any record or other document submitted or required to be maintained under this permit, including monitoring reports or reports of compliance or noncompliance shall, upon conviction, be punished by a fine or by imprisonment, or by both. The Federal Clean Water Act and the Georgia Water Quality Control Act also provide procedures for imposing civil penalties which may be levied for violations of the Act, any permit condition or limitation established pursuant to the Act, or negligently or intentionally failing or refusing to comply with any final or emergency order of the Director of the Division.

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#### A. MANAGEMENT REQUIREMENTS

### 1. Change in Discharge

- a. Advance notice to the Division shall be given of any planned changes in the permitted facility or activity which may result in noncompliance with permit requirements. Any anticipated facility expansions, production increases, or process modifications must be reported by submission of a new NPDES permit application or, if such changes will not violate the effluent limitations specified in this permit, by notice to the Division of such changes. Following such notice, the permit may be modified to specify and limit any pollutants not previously limited.
- b. All existing manufacturing, commercial, mining, and silviculture dischargers shall notify the Division as soon as it is known or there is reason to believe that any activity has occurred or will occur which would result in the discharge, on a routine or frequent basis, of any toxic pollutant not limited in the permit, if that discharge will exceed (i) 100  $\mu$ g/l, (ii) five times the maximum concentration reported for that pollutant in the permit application, or (iii) 200  $\mu$ g/l for acrolein and acrylonitrile, 500  $\mu$ g/l for 2,4 dinitrophenol and for 2-methyl-4-6-dinitrophenol, or 1  $\mu$ g/l antimony.
- c. All existing manufacturing, commercial, mining, and silvicultural dischargers shall notify the Division as soon as it is known or there is reason to believe that any activity has occurred or will occur which would result in any discharge on a nonroutine or infrequent basis, of any toxic pollutant not limited in the permit, if that discharge will exceed (i)  $500 \, \mu g/l$ , (ii) ten times the maximum concentration reported for that pollutant in the permit application, or (iii) 1 mg/l antimony.

### 2. Noncompliance Notification

If, for any reason, the permittee does not comply with, or will be unable to comply with any effluent limitation specified in this permit, the permittee shall provide the Division with an oral report within 24 hours from the time the permittee becomes aware of the circumstances followed by a written report within five (5) days of becoming aware of such condition. The written submission shall contain the following information:

a. A description of the discharge and cause of noncompliance; and

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b. The period of noncompliance, including exact dates and times; or, if not corrected, the anticipated time the noncompliance is expected to continue, and steps being taken to reduce, eliminate and prevent recurrence of the noncomplying discharge.

### 3. Facilities Operation

The permittee shall at all times maintain in good working order and operate as efficiently as possible all treatment or control facilities or systems installed or used by the permittee to achieve compliance with the terms and conditions of this permit. Proper operation and maintenance includes effective performance, adequate funding, adequate operator staffing and training, and adequate laboratory and process controls, including appropriate quality assurance procedures. This provision requires the operation of back-up or auxiliary facilities or similar systems only when necessary to achieve compliance with the conditions of the permit.

### 4. Adverse Impact

The permittee shall take all reasonable steps to minimize or prevent any discharge in violation of this permit which has a reasonable likelihood of adversely affecting human health or the environment, including such accelerated or additional monitoring as necessary to determine the nature and impact of the noncomplying discharge.

#### Bypassing

- a. If the permittee knows in advance of the need for a bypass, it shall submit prior notice to the Division at least 10 days (if possible) before the date of the bypass. The permittee shall submit notice of any unanticipated bypass with an oral report within 24 hours from the time the permittee becomes aware of the circumstances followed by a written report within five (5) days of becoming aware of such condition. The written submission shall contain the following information:
  - 1. A description of the discharge and cause of noncompliance; and
  - 2. The period of noncompliance, including exact dates and times; or, if not corrected, the anticipated time the noncompliance is expected to continue, and steps being taken to reduce, eliminate and prevent recurrence of the noncomplying discharge.

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b. Any diversion or bypass of facilities covered by this permit is prohibited, except (i) where unavoidable to prevent loss of life, personal injury, or severe property damage; (ii) there were no feasible alternatives to the bypass, such as the use of auxiliary treatment facilities, retention of untreated wastes, or maintenance during normal periods of equipment downtime (this condition is not satisfied if the permittee could have installed adequate back-up equipment to prevent a bypass which occurred during normal periods of equipment downtime or preventive maintenance); and (iii) the permittee submitted a notice as required above. The permittee shall operate the treatment works, including the treatment plant and total sewer system, to minimize discharge of the pollutants listed in Part I of this permit from combined sewer overflows or bypasses. Upon written notification by the Division, the permittee may be required to submit a plan and schedule for reducing bypasses, overflows, and infiltration in the system.

### 6. Sludge Disposal Requirements

Hazardous sludge shall be disposed of in accordance with the regulations and guidelines established by the Division pursuant to the Federal Clean Water Act (CWA) and the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA). For land application of nonhazardous sludge, the permittee shall comply with any applicable criteria outlined in the Division's "Guidelines for Land Application of Municipal Sludges." Prior to disposal of sludge by land application, the permittee shall submit a proposal to the Division for approval in accordance with applicable criteria in the Division's "Guidelines for Land Application of Municipal Sludges." Upon evaluation of the permittee's proposal, the Division may require that more stringent control of this activity is required. Upon written notification, the permittee shall submit to the Division for approval, a detailed plan of operation for land application of sludge. Upon approval, the plan will become a part of the NPDES permit. Disposal of nonhazardous sludge by other means, such as landfilling, must be approved by the Division.

### 7. Sludge Monitoring Requirements

The permittee shall develop and implement procedures to insure adequate year-round sludge disposal. The permittee shall monitor the volume and concentration of solids removed from the plant. Records shall be maintained which document the quantity of solids removed from the plant. The ultimate disposal of solids shall be reported monthly (in the unit of lbs/day) to the Division with the Operation Monitoring Report Forms required under Part I (C)(2) of this permit.

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#### 8. Power Failures

Upon the reduction, loss, or failure of the primary source of power to said water pollution control facilities, the permittee shall use an alternative source of power if available to reduce or otherwise control production and/or all discharges in order to maintain compliance with the effluent limitations and prohibitions of this permit.

If such alternative power source is not in existence, and no date for its implementation appears in Part I, the permittee shall halt, reduce or otherwise control production and/or all discharges from wastewater control facilities upon the reduction, loss, or failure of the primary source of power to said wastewater control facilities.

### B. RESPONSIBILITIES

### 1. Right of Entry

The permittee shall allow the Director of the Division, the Regional Administrator of EPA, and/or their authorized representatives, agents, or employees, upon the presentation of credentials:

- To enter upon the permittee's premises where a regulated activity or facility is located or conducted or where any records are required to be kept under the terms and conditions of this permit; and
- b. At reasonable times, to have access to and copy any records required to be kept under the terms and conditions of this permit; to inspect any facilities, equipment (including monitoring and control equipment), practices, or operations regulated or required under this permit; and to sample any substance or parameters in any location.

### 2. Transfer of Ownership or Control

A permit may be transferred to another person by a permittee if:

- a. The permittee notifies the Director in writing of the proposed transfer at least thirty (30) days in advance of the proposed transfer;
- b. A written agreement containing a specific date for transfer of permit responsibility and coverage between the current and new permittee (including acknowledgement that the existing permittee is liable for violations up to that date, and that the new permittee is liable for violations from that date on) is submitted to the Director at least thirty (30) days in advance of the proposed transfer; and

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c. The Director, within thirty (30) days, does not notify the current permittee and the new permittee of the Division's intent to modify, revoke and reissue, or terminate the permit and to require that a new application be filed rather than agreeing to the transfer of the permit.

### Availability of Reports

Except for data deemed to be confidential under O.C.G.A. § 12-5-26 or by the Regional Administrator of the EPA under the Code of Federal Regulations, Title 40, Part 2, all reports prepared in accordance with the terms of this permit shall be available for public inspection at an office of the Division. Effluent data, permit applications, permittee's names and addresses, and permits shall not be considered confidential.

#### 4. Permit Modification

After written notice and opportunity for a hearing, this permit may be modified, suspended, revoked or reissued in whole or in part during its term for cause including, but not limited to, the following:

- a. Violation of any conditions of this permit;
- b. Obtaining this permit by misrepresentation or failure to disclose fully all relevant facts;
- c. A change in any condition that requires either a temporary or permanent reduction or elimination of the permitted discharge; or
- d. To comply with any applicable effluent limitation issued pursuant to the order the United States District Court for the District of Columbia issued on June 8, 1976, in Natural Resources Defense Council, Inc. et.al. v. Russell E. Train, 8 ERC 2120(D.D.C. 1976), if the effluent limitation so issued:
  - (1) is different in conditions or more stringent than any effluent limitation in the permit; or
  - (2) controls any pollutant not limited in the permit.

### 5. Toxic Pollutants

The permittee shall comply with effluent standards or prohibitions established pursuant to Section 307(a) of the Federal Clean Water Act for toxic pollutants, which are present in the discharge within the time provided in the regulations

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that establish these standards or prohibitions, even if the permit has not yet been modified to incorporate the requirement.

### 6. Civil and Criminal Liability

Nothing in this permit shall be construed to relieve the permittee from civil or criminal penalties for noncompliance.

#### 7. State Laws

Nothing in this permit shall be construed to preclude the institution of any legal action or relieve the permittee from any responsibilities, liabilities, or penalties established pursuant to any applicable State law or regulation under authority preserved by Section 510 of the Federal Clean Water Act.

### 8. Water Quality Standards

Nothing in this permit shall be construed to preclude the modification of any condition of this permit when it is determined that the effluent limitations specified herein fail to achieve the applicable State water quality standards.

#### 9. Property Rights

The issuance of this permit does not convey any property rights in either real or personal property, or any exclusive privileges, nor does it authorize any injury to private property or any invasion of personal rights, nor any infringement of Federal, State or local laws or regulations.

### 10. Expiration of Permit

Permittee shall not discharge after the expiration date. In order to receive authorization to discharge beyond the expiration date, the permittee shall submit such information, forms, and fees as are required by the agency authorized to issue permits no later than 180 days prior to the expiration date.

### 11. Contested Hearings

Any person who is aggrieved or adversely affected by an action of the Director of the Division shall petition the Director for a hearing within thirty (30) days of notice of such action.

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### 12. Severability

The provisions of this permit are severable, and if any provision of this permit, or the application of any provision of this permit to any circumstance, is held invalid, the application of such provision to other circumstances, and the remainder of this permit, shall not be affected thereby.

### 13. Best Management Practices

The permittee will implement best management practices to control the discharge of hazardous and/or toxic materials from ancillary manufacturing activities. Such activities include, but are not limited to, materials storage areas, in-plant transfer, process and material handling areas; loading and unloading operations; plant site runoff; and sludge and waste disposal areas.

### 14. Need to Halt or Reduce Activity Not a Defense

It shall not be a defense for a permittee in an enforcement action that it would have been necessary to halt or reduce the permitted activity in order to maintain compliance with the conditions of this permit.

#### Duty to Provide Information

- a. The permittee shall furnish to the Director of the Division, within a reasonable time, any information which the Director may request to determine whether cause exists for modifying, revoking and reissuing, or terminating this permit or to determine compliance with this permit. The permittee shall also furnish upon request copies of records required to be kept by this permit.
- b. When the permittee becomes aware that it failed to submit any relevant facts in a permit application or submitted incorrect information in a permit application or any report to the Director, it shall promptly submit such facts and information.

### 16. Upset Provisions

Provisions of 40 CFR 122.41(n)(1)-(4), regarding "Upset" shall be applicable to any civil, criminal, or administrative proceeding brought to enforce this permit.

PART III

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### A. PREVIOUS PERMITS

1. All previous State water quality permits issued to this facility, whether for construction or operation, are hereby revoked by the issuance of this permit. This action is taken to assure compliance with the Georgia Water Quality Control Act, as amended, and the Federal Clean Water Act, as amended. Receipt of the permit constitutes notice of such action. The conditions, requirements, terms and provisions of this permit authorizing discharge under the National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System govern discharges from this facility.

### B. SPECIAL REQUIREMENTS

- 1. There shall be no discharge of polychlorinated biphenyl compounds such as those commonly used for transformer fluid.
- 2. Any metal cleaning wastes generated will be contained for further treatment or disposal in a manner to permit compliance at time of discharge (O3D, Chemical Cleaning Wastes) with requirements listed below or disposed of in a manner approved by the Division. This applies to any preoperational chemical cleaning of metal process equipment also. The treatment and disposal procedures shall be discussed in the flow monitoring and characterization submittal.
- 3. The quantity of pollutants discharged (03D, Chemical Cleaning Wastes) in metal cleaning waste shall not exceed the quantity determined by multiplying the flow of metal cleaning wastes times the concentrations listed below. All effluent characteristics shall be monitored 1/week by grab sampling when a discharge is occurring.

Effluent Characteristic	Discharge Limitation (mg/l)			
	Daily Average	Daily Maximum		
Total Suspended Solids	30	100		
Oil and Grease	15	20		
Copper	1.0	1.0		
Iron	1.0	1.0		

- 4. Total residual chlorine (TRC) may not be discharged from any single generating unit for more than two hours per day. Simultaneous multi-unit chlorination is permitted.
- 5. The TRC maximum is the instantaneous maximum that may occur at any time. Further, the permittee will develop a system for monitoring and recording total time of TRC discharges. The results shall be reported in a suitably concise form.

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- 6. In the event that waste streams for various sources are combined for treatment or discharge, the quantity of each pollutant or pollutant property controlled by this permit shall not exceed the specified limitations for that source.
- 7. The Director may modify any effluent limitation upon request of the permittee if such limitation is covered by an approved variance or by an amendment to the Federal Clean Water Act.
- 8. Annually, the permittee shall submit to the Director flow monitoring and characterization information regarding the various waste streams.
- 9 Summary of requirements from preceding items that are required every year:
  - a. Metal cleaning waste treatment and disposal discussion.
  - b. Flow monitoring and characterization information regarding various waste streams.
- 10. If the results for a given sample are such that a parameter is not detected at or above the method detection limit or reporting limit, a value of zero will be reported for that sample and the method detection limit or reporting limit will also be reported. Such sample shall be deemed to be in compliance with the permit limit.
- 11. Upon approval of the Director, the permittee shall, on a case-by-case basis, be able to utilize alternative analytical methods, conversion factors, methodology, procedures, or new technologies, to ensure that the biomonitoring and toxicity reduction requirements of Part III.C. and the testing/reporting requirements of the permit are adequately addressed.
- 12. The provisions of 40 CFR 122.41(1)(6)(iii) regarding waiver of the five day written report required by Part II.A.2 and Part II.A.5. of this permit shall be applicable and may be implemented on a case-by-case basis by EPD for noncompliances which are orally reported by the permittee within 24 hours of discovery of the noncompliance condition.
- 13. The Division recognizes the inherent analytical variability in approved test methods and procedures and further agrees that such issues can be raised by the permittee as a defense in an enforcement action.
- 14. The permittee is authorized to discharge storm water from the outfalls identified in Part I., Section A. of this permit provided that these discharges do not cause violations of State water quality standards in the receiving streams.
- 15. Requirements Applicable to Cooling Water Intake Structures: This permit may be reopened to address compliance with 316(b) requirements upon issuance of a new rule or final guidance by EPA.

PART III

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### C. BIOMONITORING AND TOXICITY REDUCTION REQUIREMENTS

In order to determine whether the permittee is discharging wastes in concentrations or combinations which may have an adverse impact on the State's water quality, the Division can require the permittee to conduct a biomonitoring program.

If toxicity is believed to be present in the permittee's effluent, the Division may require the permittee to develop a biomonitoring screening program according to the following schedule:

1. Within 90 days of Division notification a screening program study plan detailing the test methodology and test organisms shall be submitted for conducting a forty-eight hour static acute test of the final effluent.

Note: If residual chlorine is present in the final effluent from a treatment and/or disinfection process, a prechlorinated or dechlorinated sample will be tested.

2. Within 90 days of Division approval of the study plan, the permittee shall conduct and submit the results of the forty-eight hour static acute test.

The Division will then review the results of the forty-eight hour static acute test. If the test criteria specified in the study plan are exceeded, then the permittee shall within 90 days of written notification by the Division repeat steps 1. and 2. above replacing the forty-eight hour static acute test with the ninety-six hour test.

The Division will then review the results of the ninety-six hour test. If the criteria\* detailed in the ninety-six hour test indicates toxicity, then the permittee shall within 90 days of written notification by the Division submit to the Division a plan to reduce the toxicity of the effluent. Within 270 days of Division approval of this plan, the permittee shall implement the plan and initiate follow-up biomonitoring of the effluent in accordance with the approved toxicity reduction plan. The toxicity reduction plan shall not be complete until the permittee meets the criteria detailed in the ninety-six hour test plan.

If there are substantial composition changes in the permittee's effluent, the permittee may be required to repeat the forty-eight hour static acute test upon notification by the Division. Unless otherwise advised, the permittee shall perform biomonitoring of the effluent as provided in C.1. and 2. above, at a minimum of once every three years upon notification by the Division. On a case specific basis, chronic toxicity testing procedures may be required. Upon approval by the Division, all of the plans will become part of the requirements of this permit.

\*The 96 hour criteria shall define toxicity as a greater than 10% mortality of the exposed test organisms in 96 hours or less when the test solution contains volumes of effluent and dilution water proportional to the plant daily average flow and the 7Q10 flow of the receiving stream, as determined using test procedures and methods, and statistical methods for evaluating test results, developed by the permittee and approved by the Division pursuant to this section or revised pursuant to Part III. B. 11. above.